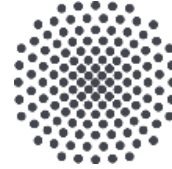


**E-GVAP 2019 expert teams meeting
Deutscher Wetterdienst (DWD),
28-29 November 2019**



**WROCLAW UNIVERSITY
OF ENVIRONMENTAL
AND LIFE SCIENCES**



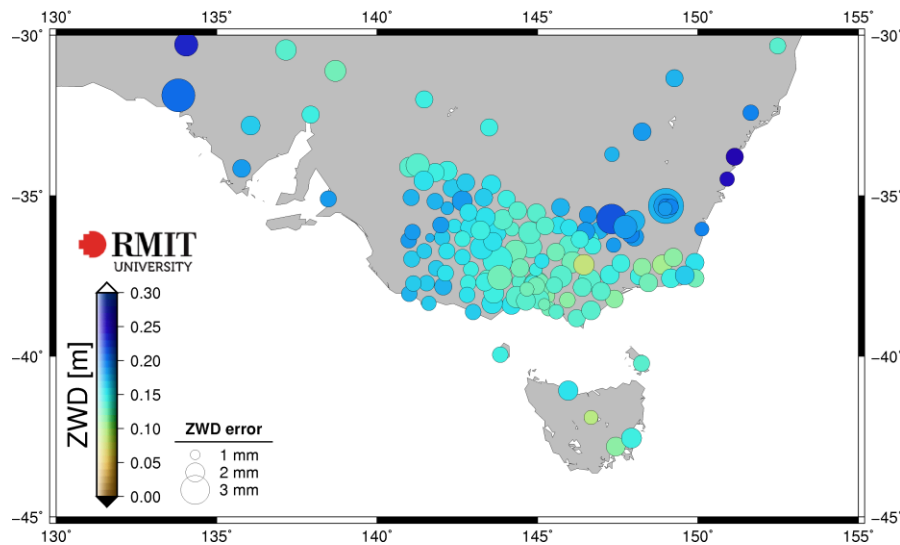
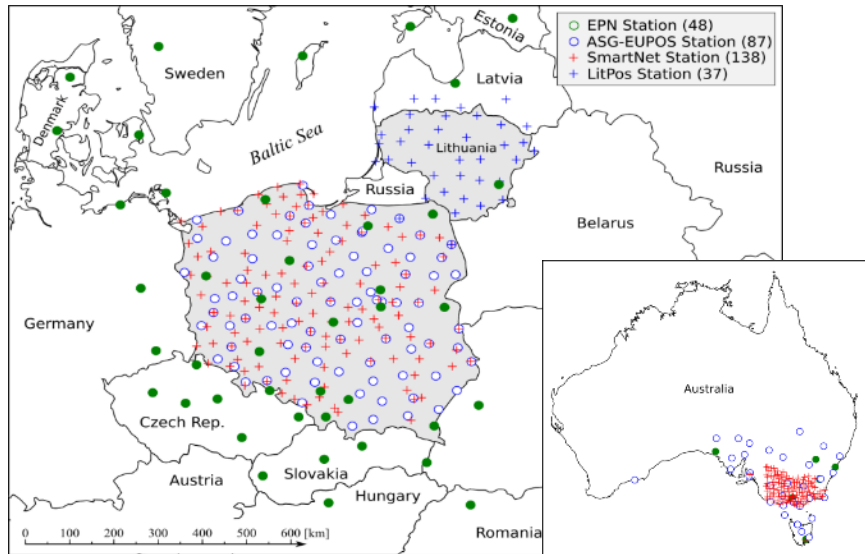
University of Stuttgart

STATUS AND UPDATES OF WUELS, POLAND

Piotr BRYŁKA⁽¹⁾, Damian TONDAŚ⁽¹⁾, Tomasz HADAŚ^(2,1), Jan KAPŁON⁽¹⁾

- 1) Wrocław University of Environmental and Life Sciences
- 2) Institute of Navigation, University of Stuttgart

Maintaining the WUEL/WLIT (E-GVAP) and VICNET NRT



- BSW 5.2 DD solutions,
- GPT/GMF a priori ZTD, GMF MF,
- 6-hour window of 30s GPS data,
- 1 h interval of processing,
- ZTD + gradients estimated in 30 min intervals
- VICNET ZTDs assimilated each hour by BoM.
- Data from: ASG-EUPOS, Leica SmartNet, NadowskiNet, GPSnet.



Post-Processing DD ZTD solution – low-cost

Piksi Multi

PIKSI MULTI GNSS MODULE

GNSS Characteristics

GNSS Signal Tracking

GPS L1/L2, GLONASS G1/G2,
BeiDou B1/B2, Galileo E1/E5b
SBAS¹

GNSS Data Rates

Measurements (Raw Data)	Up to 10 Hz
Standard Position Outputs	Up to 10 Hz
RTK Position Outputs	Up to 10 Hz ²
Swift Binary Protocol (SBP) and NMEA-0183	

Maximum Operating Limits³

Velocity	515 m/s
----------	---------



Technical Specifications

Antenna Specification

Frequency Range	GPS L1/L2 GLONASS L1/L2 BeiDou B1/B2/ B3
Impedance	50 ohm
Polarization	RHCP
Axial Ratio	≤ 3 dB
Azimuth Coverage	360°
Output VSWR	≤ 2.0
Peak Gain	5.5 dBi
Phase Center Error	± 2 mm

LNA Specification

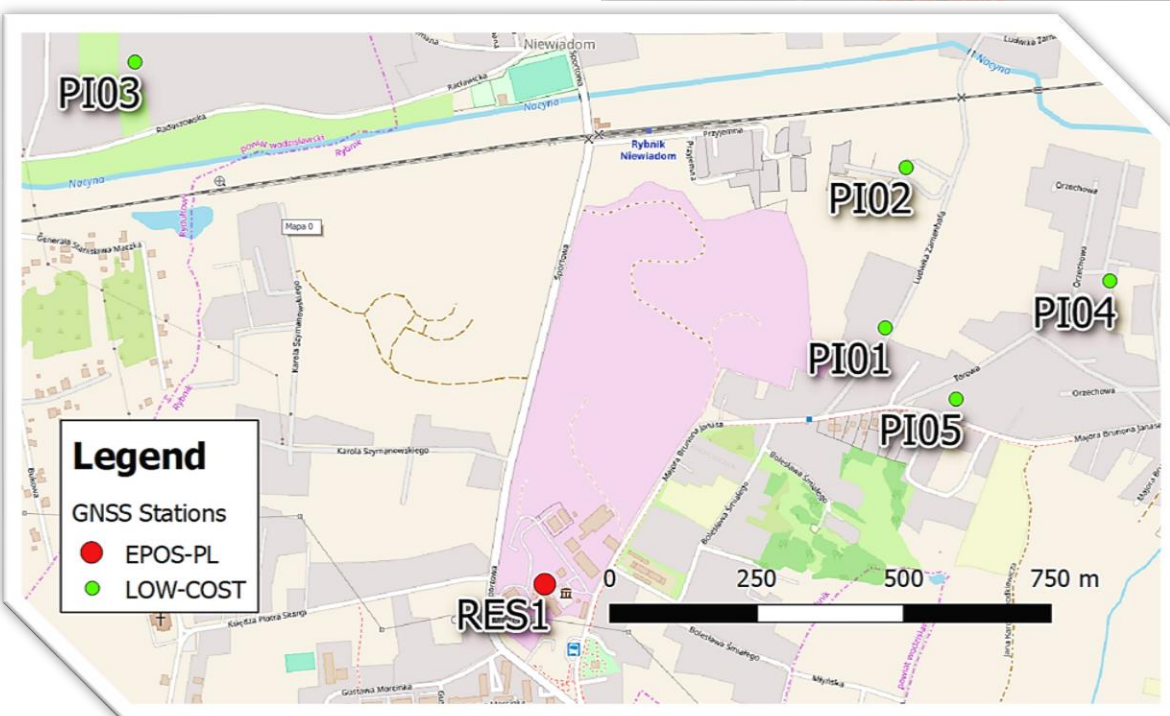
LNA Gain	40 ± 2 dB
Noise Figure	≤ 2.0 dB
Output VSWR	≤ 2.0
Operation Voltage	3.3 ~ 12V DC
Operation Current	≤ 45 mA
Group Delay	≤ 5 ns

Mechanical Specification

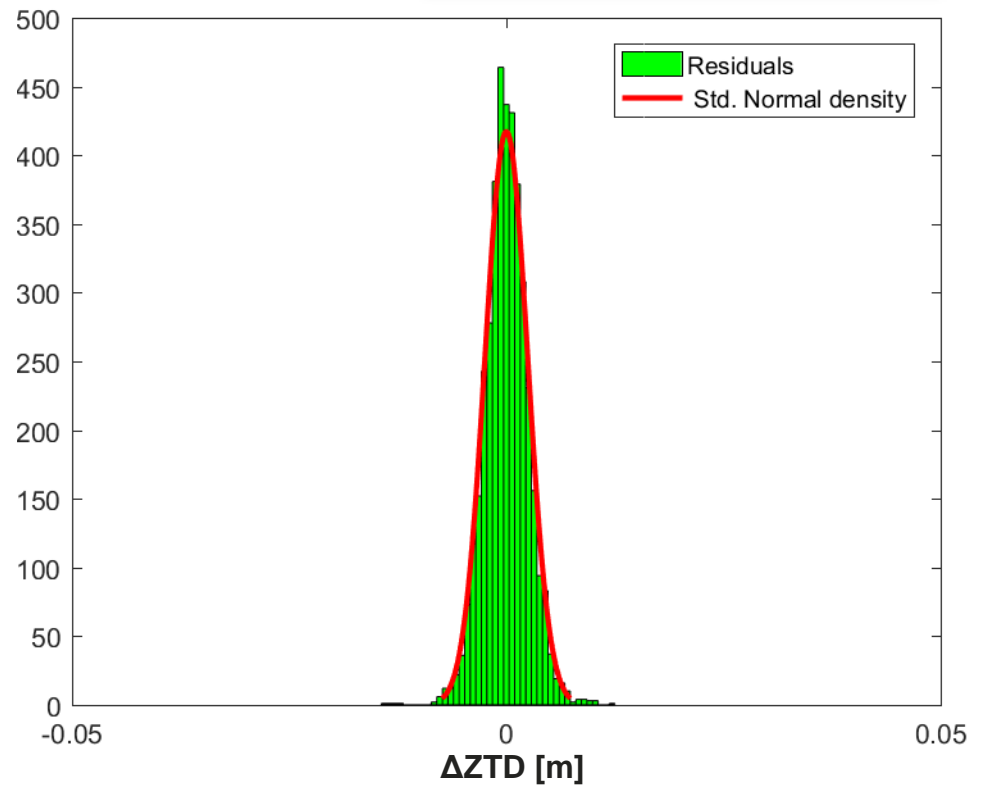
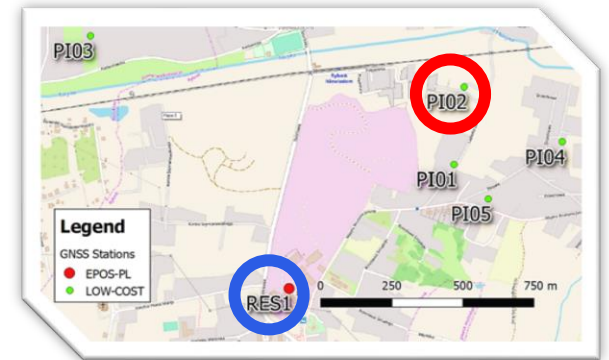
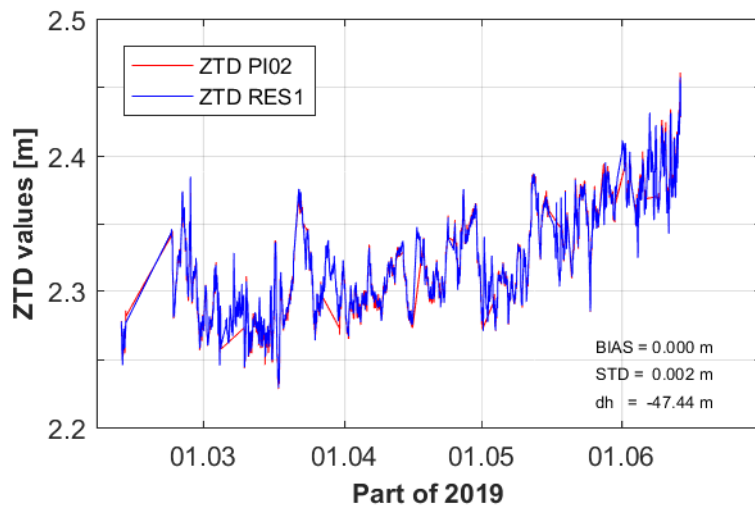
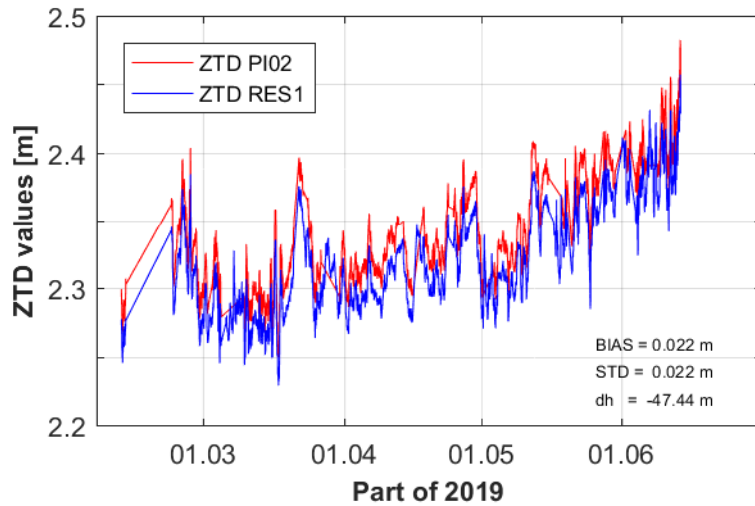
Dimension	$\varnothing 152 \times 62.2$ mm
Connector	TNC Female
Weight	435 g

Environment Specification

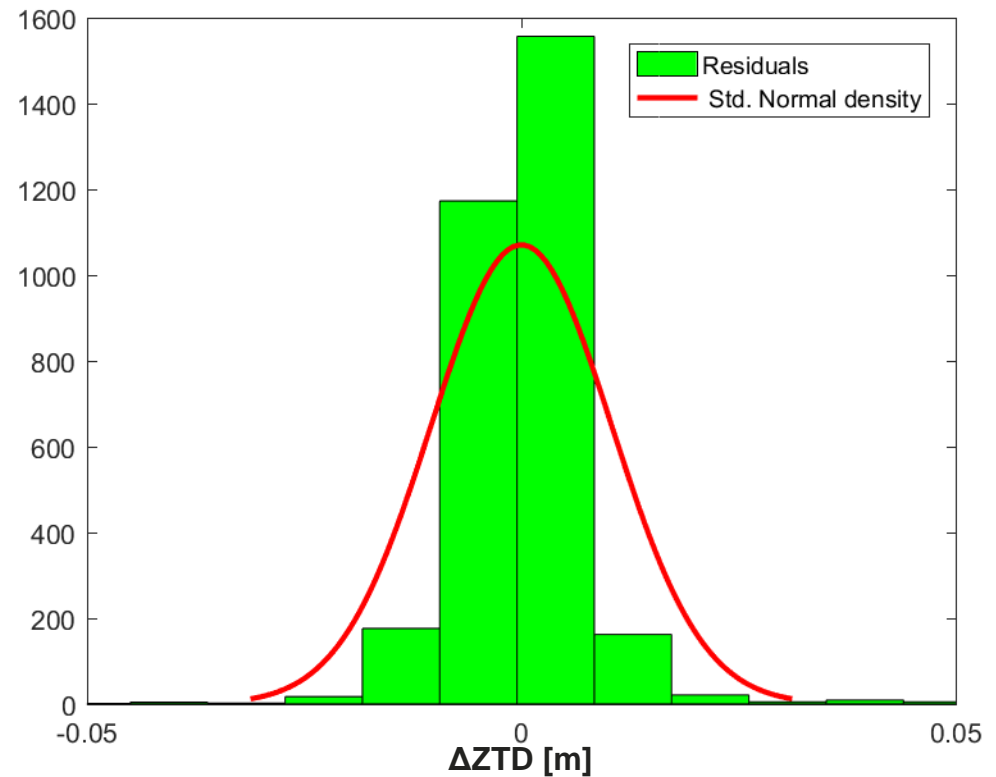
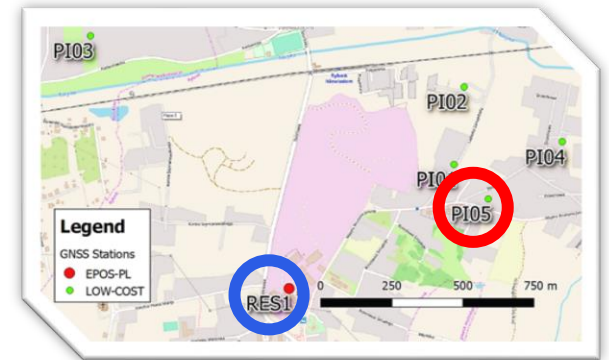
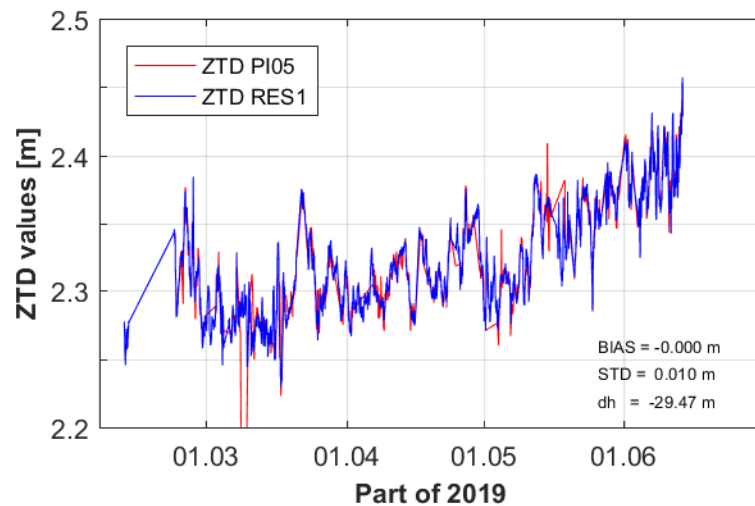
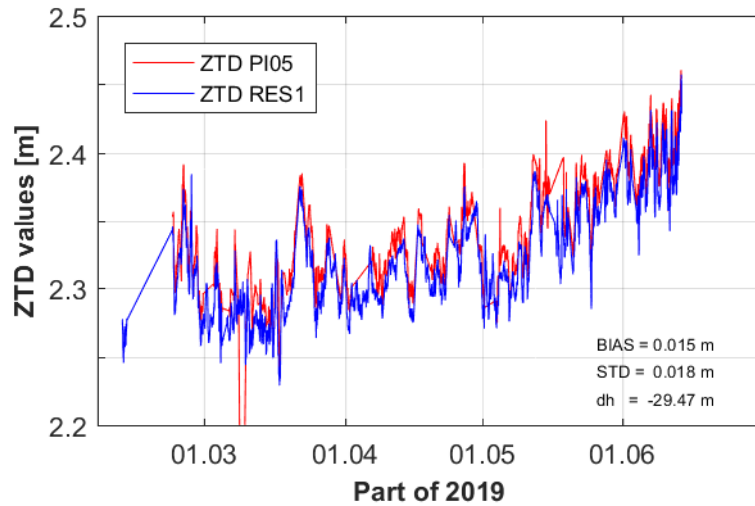
Storage Temp	-55° C to +85° C
Operating Temp	-45° C to +85° C
Humidity	95% No-condensing



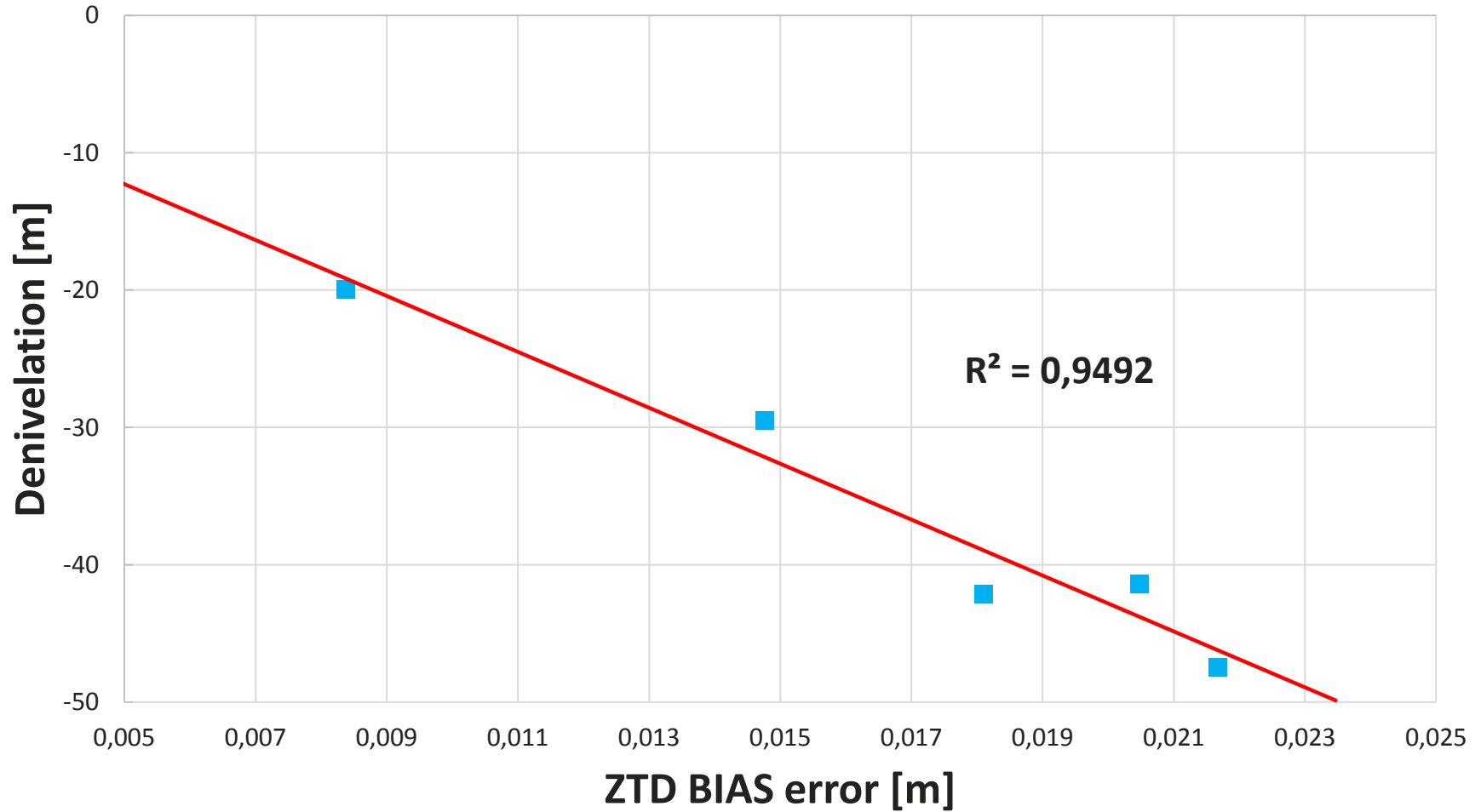
Post-Processing DD solution (PI02)



Post-Processing DD solution (PI05)



Bias reduction



Mean bias after denivelation corrections < 2mm

Low-cost GNSS-Meteo station

u-blox antenna

Meteo connect.

Power



RT clock

Anti-radiation case
(P, T sensors)

PMS sensors

Microchip

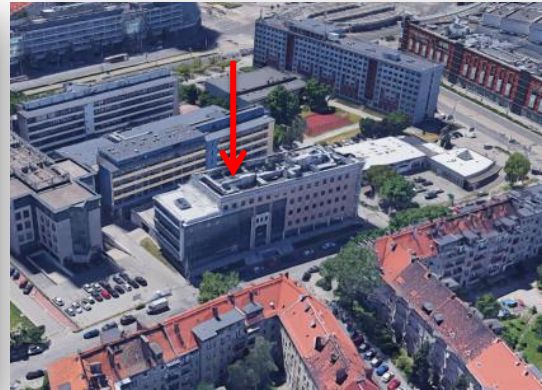
Raspberry-Pi

u-blox receiver

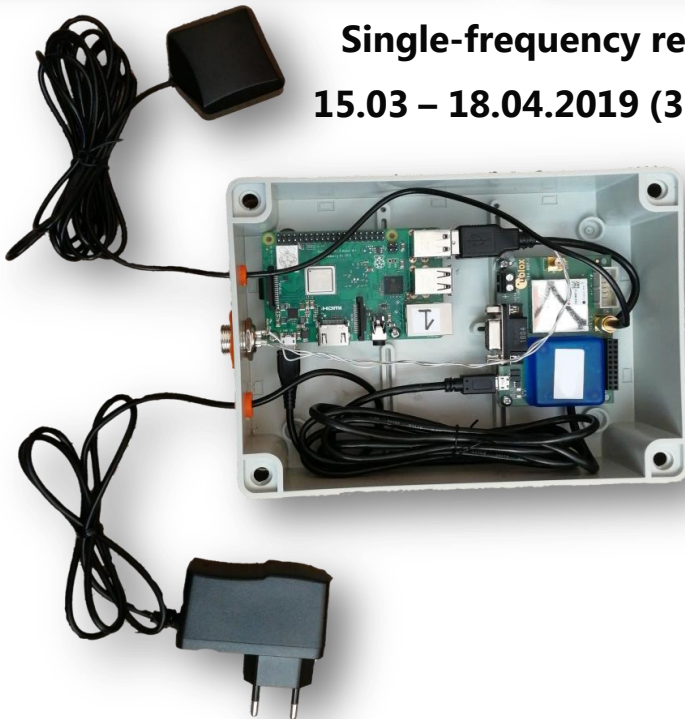
IP-65 case



Experiment



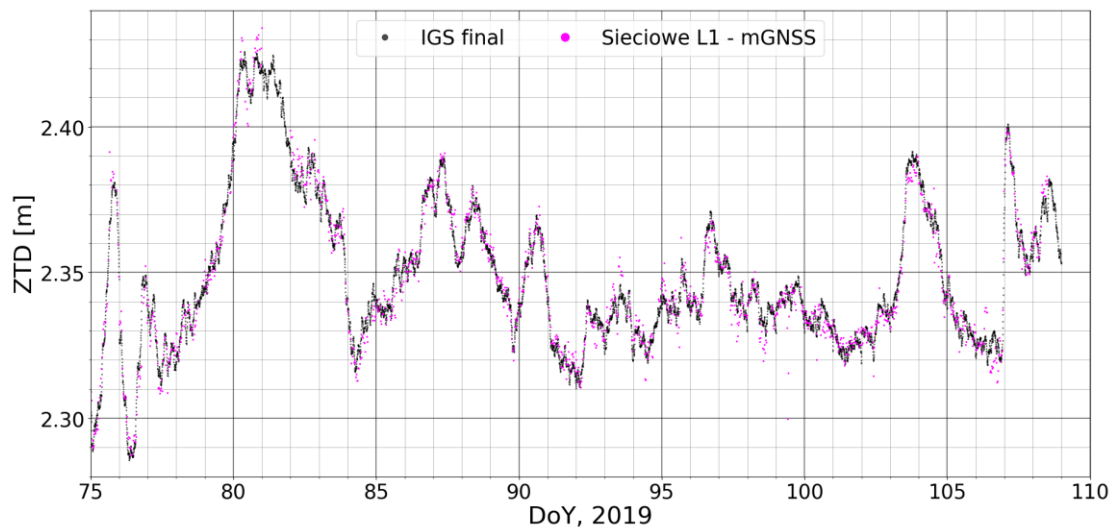
Single-frequency receiver
15.03 – 18.04.2019 (33 days)



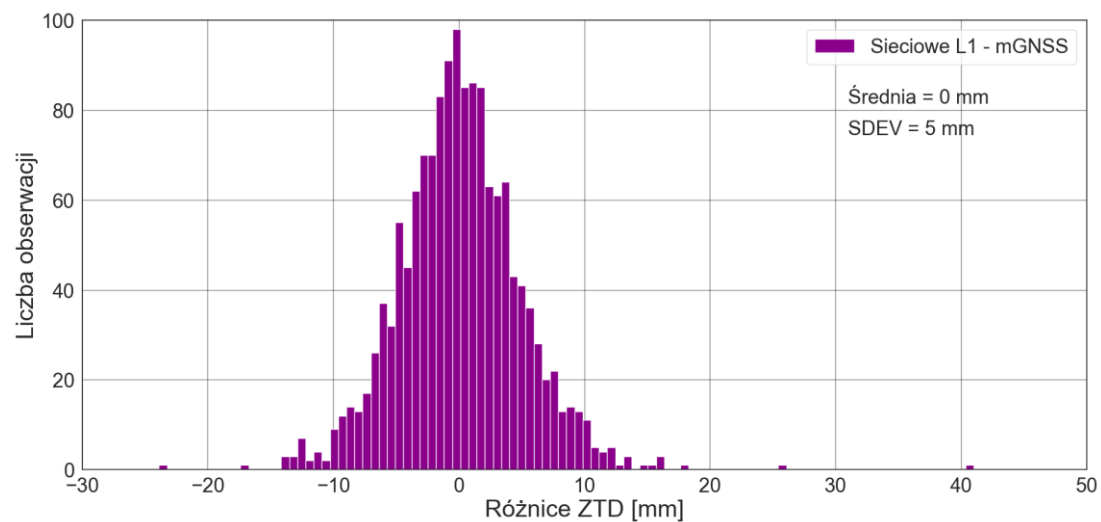
Dual-frequency receiver
30.04 – 10.05.2019 (11 days)



L1: Network NRT solution



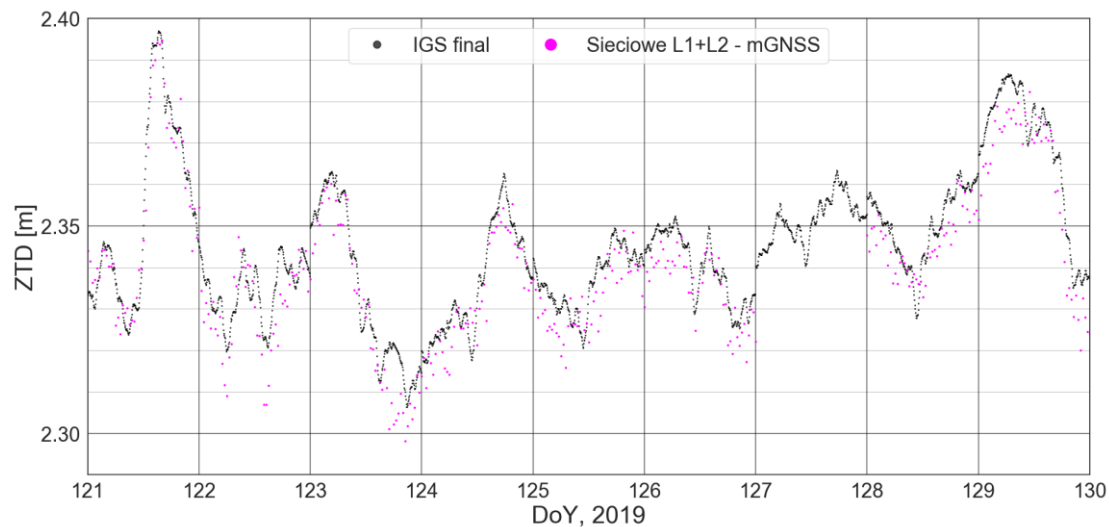
**15.03 – 18.04.2019
(33 days)**



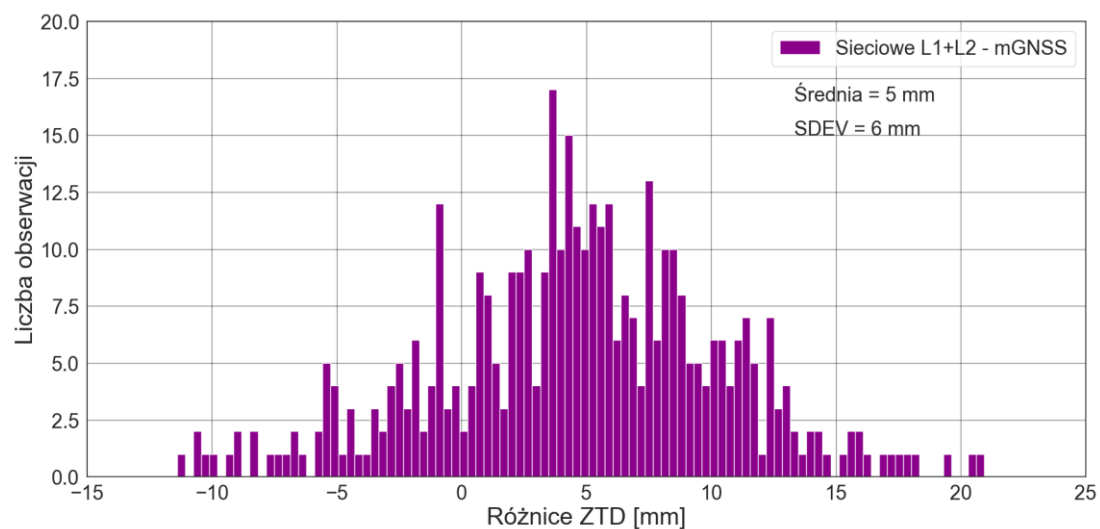
NRT vs. Final (IGS)

	[mm]
RMSE	5
Mean	0
StdDev	5
Median	0

L1/L2: Network NRT solution



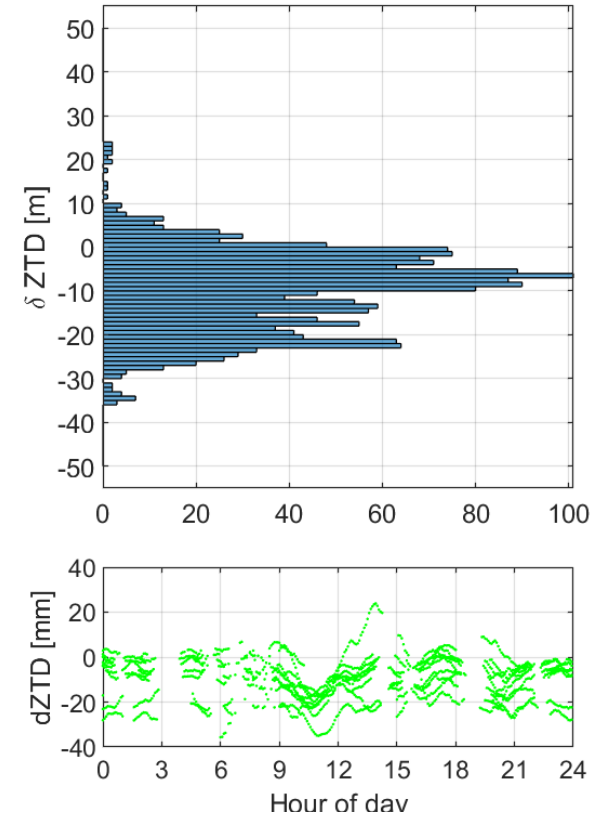
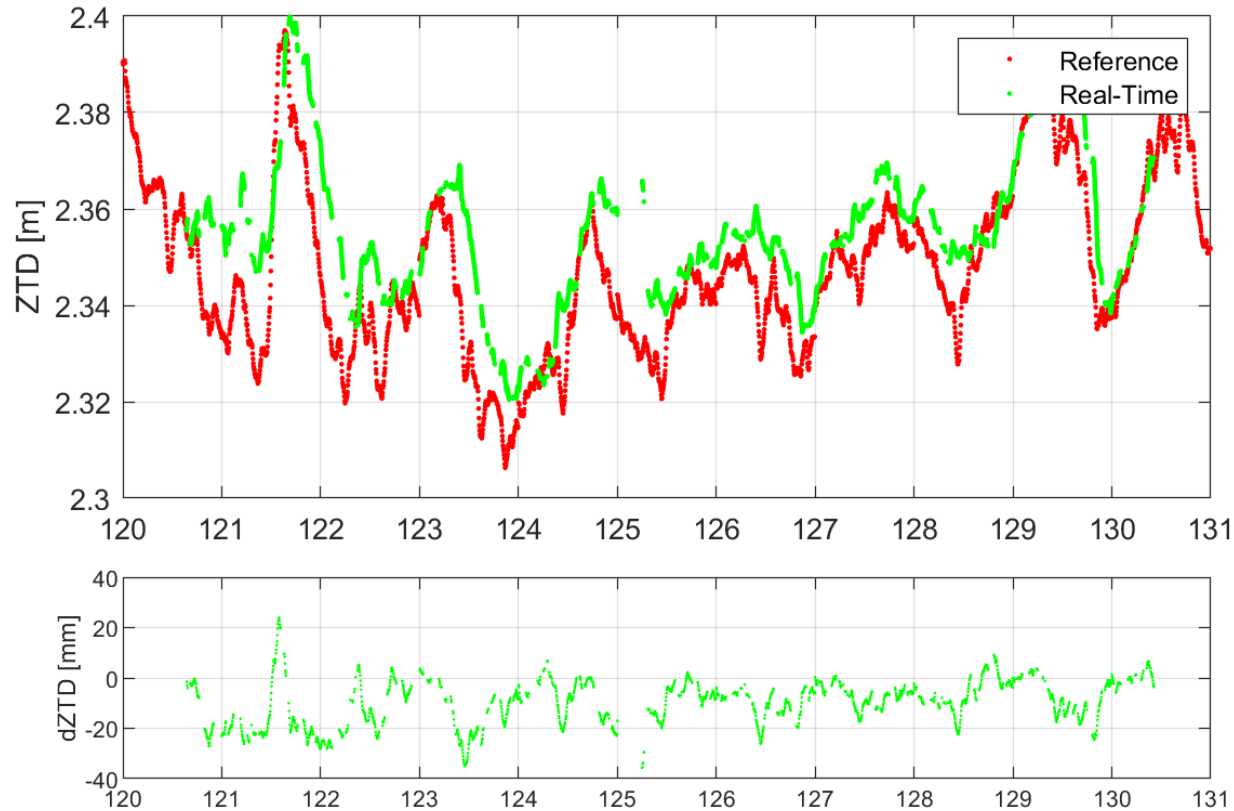
**30.04 – 10.05.2019
(11 days)**



NRT vs. Final (IGS)

	[mm]
RMSE	7
Mean	5
StdDev	6
Median	5

L1/L2: Real-time PPP solution (G-only)



RMS = 14 mm

Mean = 10 mm

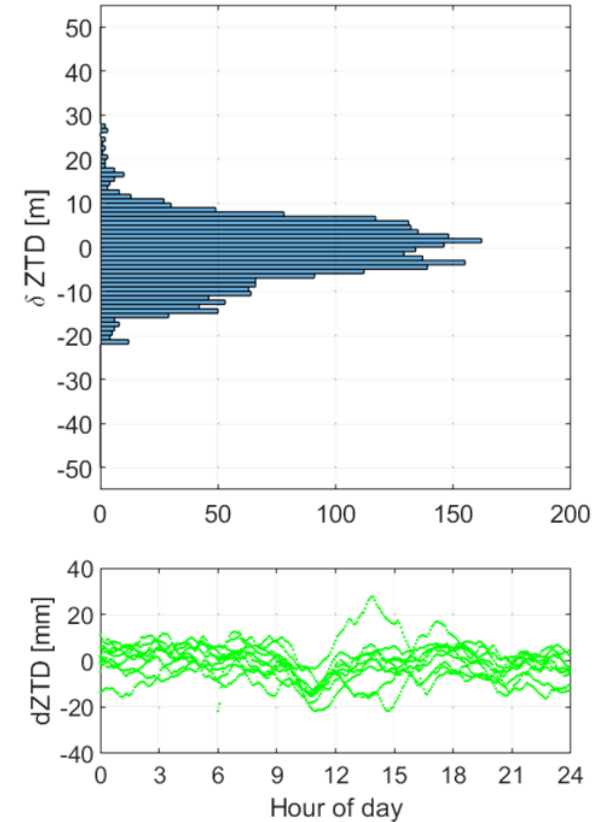
S.Dev. = 9 mm

Max = 36 mm

R2 = 0.84

Avail.: 65%

L1/L2: Real-time PPP solution (G+R+E)



RMS = 14 mm
Mean = 10 mm
S.Dev. = 9 mm
Max = 36 mm
R2 = 0.84
Avail.: 65%



RMS = 7 mm
Mean = -1.0 mm
S.Dev. = 7 mm
Max = 28 mm
R2 = 0.91
Avail.: 97%

Low-cost summary

Time	Mode	GNSS:	Receiv.	Freq:	StdDev
Final	DD	GR	Piksi M.	L1/L2	2 – 10 mm
NRT	DD	GR	M8P	L1	5 mm
NRT	DD	GR	F9P	L1/L2	6 mm
Real-time	PPP	G	F9P	L1/L2	9 mm
Real-time	PPP	GRE	F9P	L1/L2	7 mm

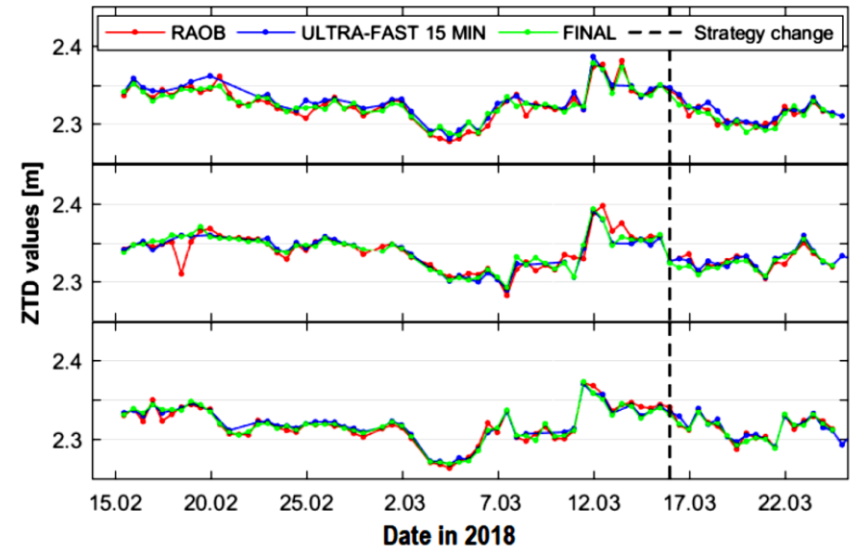
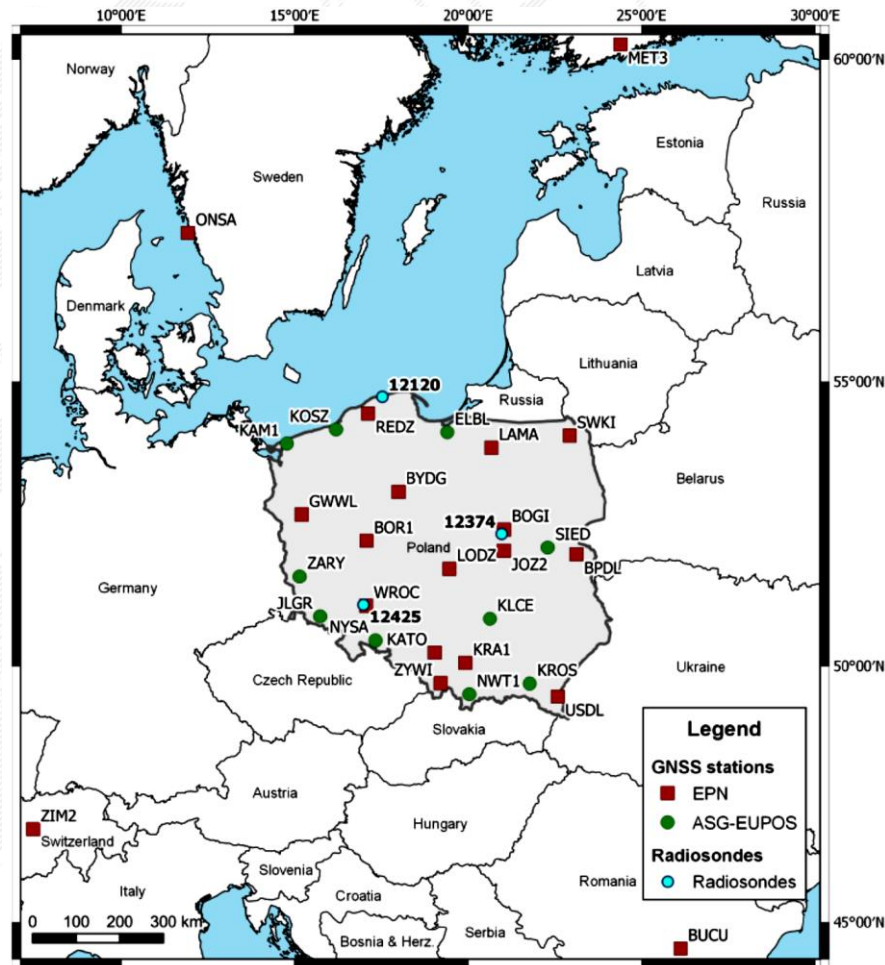
ZTD accuracy depends on:

- receiver / antenna (\$\$ > \$)
- time regime (Final \sim NRT > RT)
- strategy (PPP =? DD)
- #SV (GNSS > GPS only)

StdDev <10mm
(~2kg/m² IWV)

Ultra-fast NRT tests

28 stations, NRT 6-hour window, 15 min int., VMF1-FC as a priori model and MF



Site	GNSS - Radiosonde distance [km]	Strat. I (2880)		Strat. I (1056)		Strat. II (1056)	
		NRT	FINAL	NRT	FINAL	NRT	FINAL
BOGI	15	5.9	6.5	5.8	6.3	8.0	7.3
REDZ	50	10.4	10.4	10.1	10.3	4.8	5.8
WROC	12	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.1	5.4	3.8

**Mean latency of NRT
solutions: < 4 m 15 s**

The low-cost GNSS-Meteo network

Design and build of 22 u-blox based GNSS-meteo stations (2 L1-only, 20 multi-GNSS, multi-frequency), to establish the network for low-cost NRT ZTD estimation and ground deformation monitoring



- Data transmission options: GSM/LTE, RJ45, LoRa (long range, low-power, wide area network)
- Power supply options: ~230V + solar panel with 12V battery,
- No external power source needed – low power consumption,
- Equipped with meteo T, P, RH, and PM10 sensors,
- 2 G+R L1-only M8P u-blox, 20 multi-GNSS u-blox F9P,
- Free RTCM 3.X data packages transmission with LoRa in 30 [s] intervals.

1000 € / station !

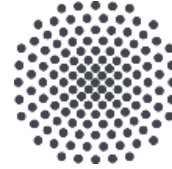
Other activities

1. Very recent installation of 2 Radiometers belonging to WUELS (funded by EPOS-PL project) for IWV and slant delay studies :
 - ✓ in Wrocław < 10 m to the WROC EPN/IGS station,
 - ✓ in Borowa Góra < 100m to the EPN station BOGI (Warsaw area).

STATUS AND UPDATES OF WUELS AC



**WROCLAW UNIVERSITY
OF ENVIRONMENTAL
AND LIFE SCIENCES**



University of Stuttgart

Thank you!

jan.kaplon@upwr.edu.pl

**E-GVAP 2019 expert teams meeting
Deutscher Wetterdienst (DWD),
28-29 November 2019**